5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

2

2

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A method of displaying nodes within a network topology, the method using a processor coupled to a display screen, the method comprising:

forming a first layer of a multi-layer representation wherein at least two nodes are represented separately;

grouping the nodes of the first layer into group nodes to form a second layer in the multi-layer representation;

grouping the group nodes of the second layer into a third layer, the third layer having at least one connected-superset node containing group nodes with nodes connected to each other, and at least one isolated-superset node containing group nodes having nodes isolated from each other; and

displaying the superset nodes in the third layer so the connected-superset node is separate from the isolated-superset node and such that the connected-superset node is selectively expandable to display group nodes and connections between the nodes, and the isolated-superset node is selectively expandable to display group nodes of the second layer.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of forming comprises a step of creating a graph of nodes to be displayed in the network as a leaf graph.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the leaf graph includes components and interconnection paths of the network.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the group nodes in the connected-superset node are laid out according to layout rules.
- 5. The method of claim \(\) wherein the group nodes in the connectedsuperset node comprises any one or more of switch groups and host groups.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein a layout rule consists of the switch group with the highest connectivity being placed in the center of the connected-superset node.
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the connected-superset node is fully expandable while the isolated-superset node is minimized.
- 1 8. The method of claim 1 wherein the isolated-superset node comprises 2 any one or more of unmapped hubs and isolated switches.

